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THE CHATTANOOGA DAILY REBEL.

VOLUME I.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1862.

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THE DAILY REBEL.

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FRANC. M. PAUL.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.

TELEGRAPHIC.

DISPATCHES FOR THE DAILY REBEL.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM KIRBY SMITH!

Covington and Newport, Ky.,
Captured!!

INCINNATI SURRENDERED!!

ALL U. S. PROPERTY TO BE SEIZED!!

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP FOR SALE.

THE UNPREDICTED visitors to the Chattanooga Foundry and Machine Works, anxious to sell the entire establishment, embracing Machinery Tools, Stock on hand, & all of which is complete in every establishment of the kind in the Confederacy. We are now doing a large and profitable business with our neighbors, and are fully satisfied that our success will be proportional to the amount of business always means an increasing business to any extent desired. Persons desirous to invest will do well to call upon us.

THOMAS WEBSTER & CO.

Chattanooga, July 11, 1862.

The Atlantic, Confederate and Intelligencer, Memphis, Cincinnati and Sentinel, Montgomery Advertiser, Marion Telegraph, Columbus Star, and the Mobile Advertiser and Register, only one month, do not belong to this office.

Good Investment for Capital!

COTTON FACTORY.

50 SHARES OF THE CAPITAL STOCK
OF THE GWINNETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY FOR SALE.

Now is the best and easiest time to do this, security, safety, and indecency in the operation.

The facts of business are, the Company has more machinery than capital to man up with to increase capital and gain the machinery for the purpose of supplying, as far as possible, the demand for cotton.

The Company is doing well on capital employed.

For particular address:

E. STEAMERMAN, Agent,
July 25, 1862. - Atlanta, Georgia.

Negroes for Hire

ON the 25th day of August, 1862, at the Market House in Chattanooga, I will proceed to hire out the highest bidder at public outcry for the sum of three and one-half dollars per head, to the city of Chattanooga, the negroes to be used for the service of the State, with two conditions belonging to the state of the late Wm. E. Kennedy, dead. The bidder will be required to give note and security for the hire payment to end the term of hiring, bearing interest from date also to give credit in a sum equal to the amount of the note, and to be paid to the bidder in full, will furnish said slave or slaves with comfortable clothes, proper food and necessary medical attention during the time of hiring, and that he will faithfully deliver negroes slaves or slaves to me at the end of service, etc. etc.

W. E. KENNEDY, Agent.
Aug 25, 1862.

MASONIC FEMALE INSTITUTE (CLEVELAND, TENN.)

Rev. L. N. Bradshaw, Principal.

The next session of this Institute will commence on Monday the 1st day of September, 1862, under the direction and protection of the R. S. McElroy, who has full charge of it for the best interests of the trustees.

The trustees in making this announcement would most especially request all citizens who have any desire to contribute to the support of this institution, to do so. We trust that the last ten months during which he has been unable, and we wish to say, universal dissatisfaction to the Trustees, friends and relatives. There never was a better time for giving to the poor, than at present, and the trustees are anxious to have their efforts crowned with success. We hope that all will furnish their aid, and help to make this a great success.

The town of Buchanan, Upshur county, Va., was captured by the rebels on the 20th.

The Rebels were also advancing on Charles City. There was no alarm at the latter place, and all movable public property had been removed.

NORTHERN ACCOUNTS.

DISPATCHES FOR THE DAILY REBEL.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—The dispatch telegraphed from here on Monday morning intimated that the New York Tribune had been ordered to be closed, and "not" founded. The statement was made with no other purpose than to apprise the public.

ing between our forces and the rebels' advance on our outposts last night. This (Tuesday) morning's reports are not yet accessible.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—The dispatch telegraphed from here on Monday morning intimated that the New York Tribune had been ordered to be closed, and "not" founded. The statement was made with no other purpose than to apprise the public.

The Mortality of the Black Flag.

"Civilized warfare" is a misnomer. War, bloody and violent in all its aspects, has no element of civilization in it. It is synonymous with a large scale. The Yankees are engaged in war. We are not waging war at all; we are only exercising the sacred right of self-defense. The whole nomenclature used on this subject ought to be changed. The usage of historians and writers on the subject of war seems to give countenance to the idea that war is of the nature of a duel between nations. This usage has arisen out of the fact that the wars of ancient times and many of the wars of modern times have been conflicts precipitated by the personal ambitions of kings who, instead of settling their disputes by an appeal of the duel, have preferred to pit their important subjects against each other on the field of battle. In such cases the war is between the governments, and certain set of usages which have obtained in spot contests have been called the "laws of civilized war." But the conflict in which we are now engaged is not a war between two governments; it is a conflict between two peoples in which one party has banded themselves together to murder and pillage the other. It is simply robbery and piracy on a stupendous scale, and avenged for the purpose of revenge and plunder. It would seem that there is no room for us to claim as to how such an invasion ought to be met. Precisely the same principles of resistance apply in this case as in that of highway robbery, burglary, arson, and an attempt to assassinate. There is no code of honor prescribing rules of conduct for a man who is assaulted on the highway, or whose house is burglariously entered by a band of robbers. It is his right and duty to defend himself as best he can. There is no such thing as the laws of civilized robbery or assassination. The thing is an abomination. And yet the Southern Yankees now invading the South are as barbarous to all about them as any savages of the land of inclemencies. As we send them to the mountains to have them to have victory, Lee Jackson and we have sent the burglar following at Alexandria, and never have flogged one Yankee living, or when we captured whole regiments, our Yankee soldiers stark naked in a maiming summary punishment of their acts, they ought to have been turned over at once to the civil authorities to bring to justice the leaders. The case is perfectly plain. We are not engaged in a war of resistance. The enemies' invasion of the country in the first instance, have been for the purpose of meeting reinforcements, which are reported to have come up in large numbers, to the mountains, and he made immediate preparations to pursue. Gen. Pope estimates our losses on Friday at not less than eight thousand men killed and wounded, and the losses of the rebels at fully double that number. Our captures in this battle are said to be greater, than ever will probably soon be known.

We leave you no official reports of the operations of Saturday, but they appear to have been fully as glorious as those of the day previous, and will remain no quite so accurate.

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THE GREAT BATTLE OF SATURDAY.

NORTHERN ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, BUT

VERY MEAGER.

FRIGHTFUL LOSS OF OFFICERS.

The Petersburg Express is indebted to a friend for a copy of the New York Times of Monday last. It contains but very meager accounts of the battle Saturday, but acknowledging that Gen. Pope was forced to fall back, and that the advantages gained on the while, were with the Confederates. It publishes a long list of killed and wounded, occupying three or four columns, the greater portion of whom are officers.

We make the following extracts:

THE REBELLION.

The past week has been another "week of battles" in Virginia. Fighting—heavy fighting

has been going on there almost every day,

and with results generally favorable to our

army.

We have given up the idea of pushing

onward, and have given up the idea of

crossing the Rappahannock River.

Gen. Pope's forces were repulsed at Bull Run, and he has been compelled to fall back.

He has been compelled to fall back,

and to give up the idea of crossing the

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